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the University of Macau Development Foundation in the People's Republic of China.	The
complaints all assert claims for breach of fiduciary duty related to this donation. Three of the	cases
are before this court, and one is before Judge Pro. The cases at issue are:	

- 1. Louisiana Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System v. Wynn, et. al., case number 2:12-cv-509-JCM-GWF
- 2. Boilermakers Lodge No. 154 Retirement Fund v. Wynn, et. al., case number 2:12-cv-555-JCM-GWF
- 3. Solak v. Wynn, et. al., case number 12-cv-567-JCM-PAL
- 4. Excavators Union Local 731 Welfare Fund v. Wynn, et. al., case number 2:12-cv-642-PMP-CWH

Motions to consolidate (docs. #10 and #22)

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 42(a) allows the court to consolidate cases if "actions before the court involve a common question of law or fact." *See also Investors Research Co. v. U.S. Dist. Court for Cent. Dist. of California*, 877 F.2d 777, 777 (9th Cir. 1989). The court has broad discretion to consolidate cases with common questions of law or fact. *Id.*

The four enumerated cases all arise out of the same set of facts – Wynn Macau, Limited's \$135 million donation. Additionally, the cases all name similar defendants. Further, the parties in each of these cases agree that consolidation is appropriate. Accordingly, the court grants both the motion to consolidate (doc. #10) and the cross motion to consolidate (doc. #22).

Motions to appoint lead plaintiffs (docs. #11 and #36)

In their motion to appoint co-lead plaintiffs (doc. #11), LAMPERS and Excavators argue that they are best suited to be lead plaintiffs in this case. Boilermakers opposed this motion (doc. #20), and filed a cross motion to appoint lead plaintiff (doc. #36), arguing that it should be appointed as lead plaintiff.

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voluntary dismissal. (Doc. #9). Accordingly, the court does not address this case in the instant order.

1	While district courts in the Ninth Circuit have appointed lead plaintiffs in shareholder
2	derivative actions, see Sexton ex rel. Jones Soda Co. v. Van Stolk, 2008 WL 1733242, at *1 (D.
3	Wash. Apr. 10, 2008), this court is not required to appoint a lead plaintiff. See Moradi v. Adelson,
4	2011 WL 5025155, at *1 (D. Nev. Oct. 20, 2011). "[B]ecause a plaintiff in a derivative action is
5	bringing claims on behalf of a company, it is unclear what benefits there are to appointing a lead
6	plaintiff" Sparano v. Lief, 2011 WL 830109, at *2 (S.D. Cal. Mar. 3, 2011).
7	Ninth Circuit case law does not require the court to appoint a lead plaintiff, and the court
8	declines to do so in this case. See Moradi, 2011 WL 5025155, at *1.
9	Motions to appoint lead counsel (docs. #12 and #34)
10	LAMPERS and Excavators also move to appoint Scott+Scott and Cohen Milstein as co-lead

LAMPERS and Excavators also move to appoint Scott+Scott and Cohen Milstein as co-lead counsel. (Doc. #12). Boilermakers opposed this motion (doc. #20), and filed a cross motion to appoint Robbins Umeda as lead counsel (doc. #34).

This court has the inherent power to appoint a lead counsel to coordinate the prosecution of complex litigation. *See Vincent v. Hughes Air West, Inc.*, 557 F.2d 759, 774 (9th Cir. 1977); *see also In re Bendectin Litigation*, 857 F.2d 290, 297 (6th Cir. 1988) (stating that in "complex cases, it is well established that the district judge may" appoint lead counsel). However, in "some cases the attorneys coordinate their activities without the court's assistance, and such efforts should be encouraged." *Manuel for Complex Litigation*, § 10.22 (4th ed. 2004).

While this court has the authority to appoint lead counsel, the parties have not pointed to any Ninth Circuit case law requiring the court to do so. Accordingly, the court declines to appoint lead counsel.

Cross motion to appoint liaison counsel (doc. #35)

Finally, Boilermakers moves the court to appoint Reisman Sorokac as liaison counsel. (Doc. #35). Again, Boilermakers has failed to point to any case law requiring the court to appoint liaison counsel, and the court declines to do so here.

Accordingly,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that plaintiffs Louisiana

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James C. Mahan U.S. District Judge

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